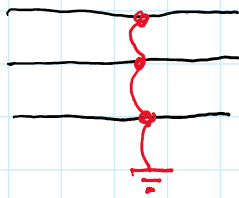


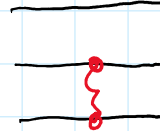
# Types of Faults



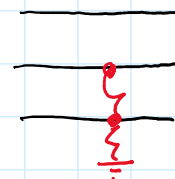
3-Phase  
3-Phase to  
Ground



SLG  
(A-G)  
(B-G)  
(C-G)



LL  
(A-B)  
(B-C)  
(C-A)



LLG  
(ABC)  
(BCG)  
(CAG)

SLG - 70-80% ✓  
LLG - 10-17%  
LL - 8-10%  
3φ - 2-3% ✓

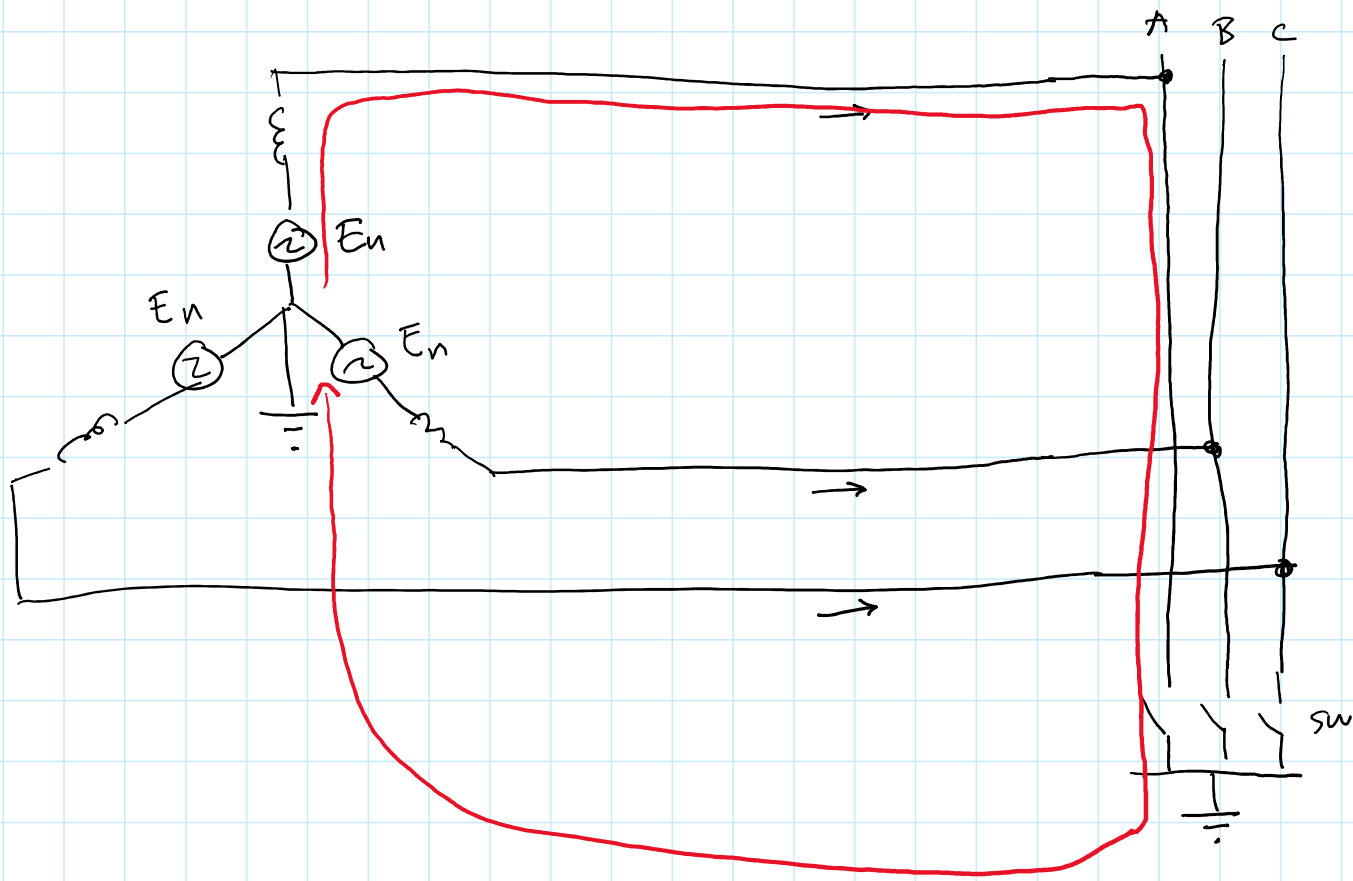
## Fault Contribution

- ✓ Grid (Collections of N generators)
- ✓ Generators (Synchronous)
- ✓ Motors (Induction, Synchronous)

↓                      ↓  
1-2 cyc                4 cycles

## Why calculate?

- ① Maximum Fault - Circuit breaker ratings, Relay Coordination
- ② Minimum Fault - Relay sensitivity, coordination

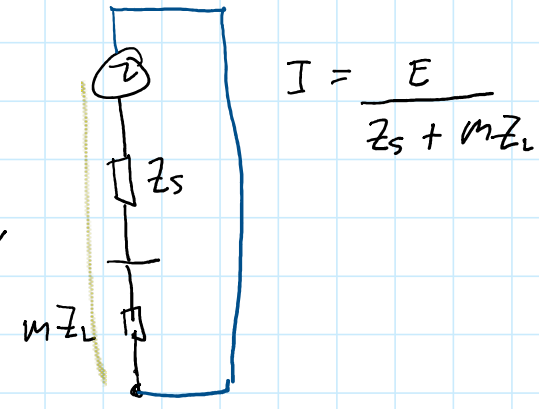
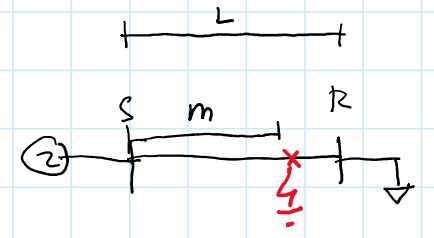
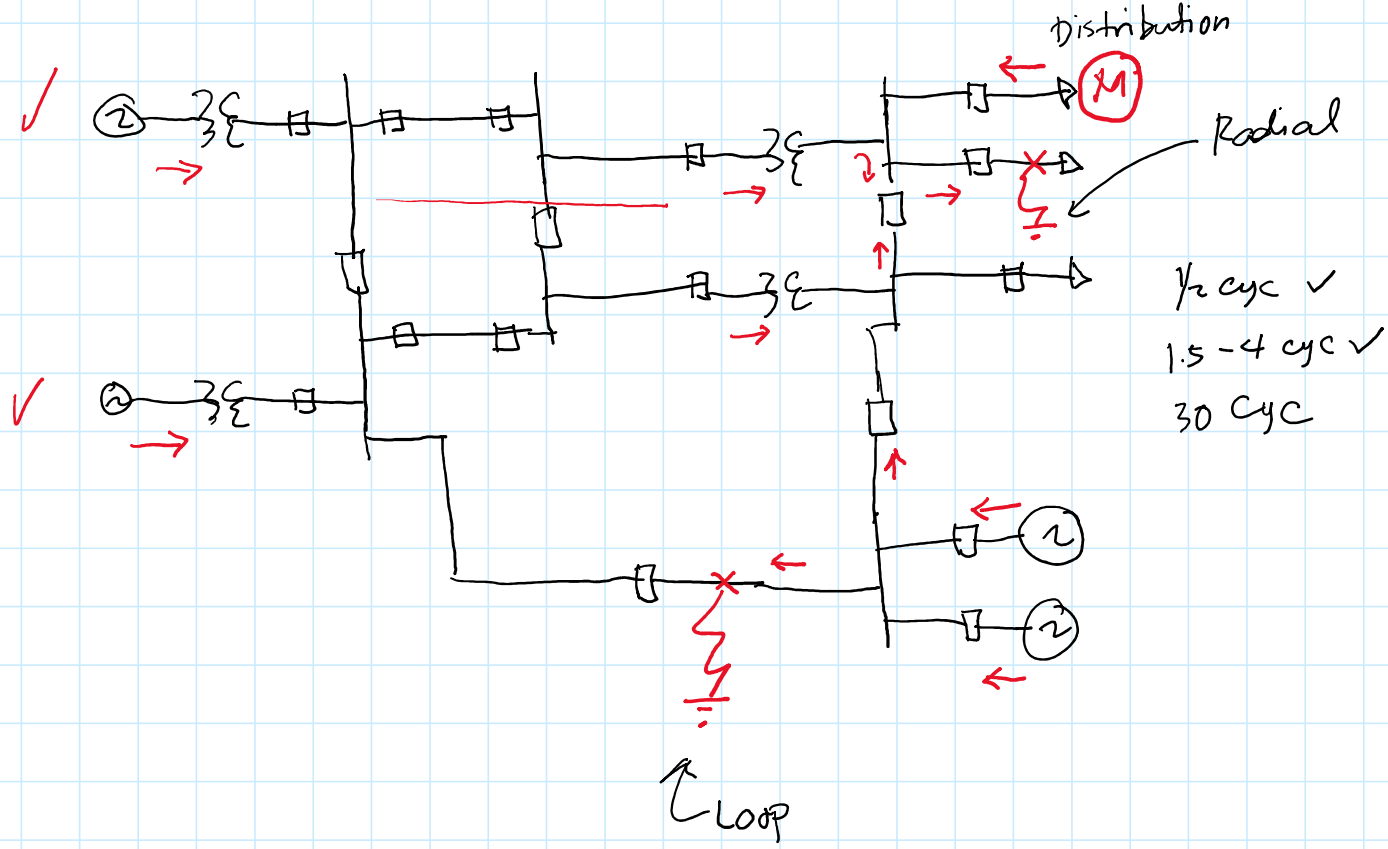


$$I_A = E_{An} / Z_G = I_L \phi$$

$$I_B = I_L (\phi - 120^\circ)$$

$$I_C = I_L (\phi + 120^\circ)$$

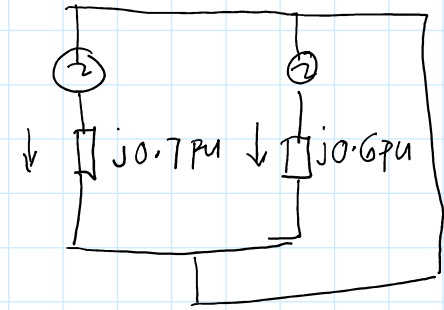
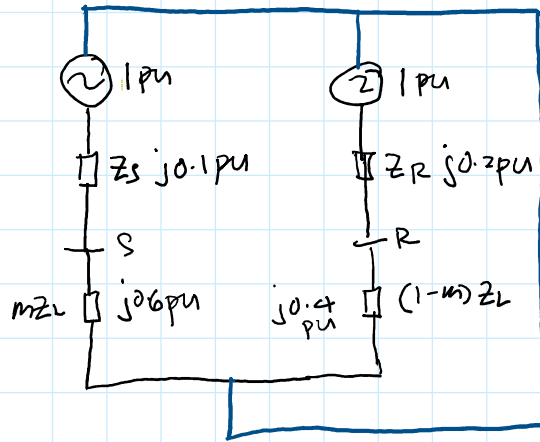
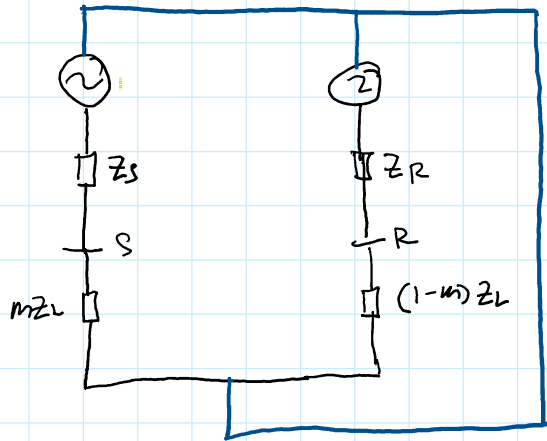
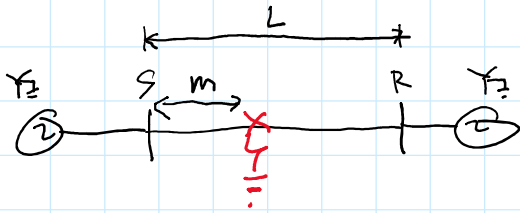
# Radial Vs Loop System



$$I = \frac{E}{Z_s + mZ_L}$$

Faults on Radial Line

### Faults on Loop System



$$Z_{TH} = \left( \frac{1}{j0.7} + \frac{1}{j0.6} \right)^{-1} = j0.32 \text{ pu}$$

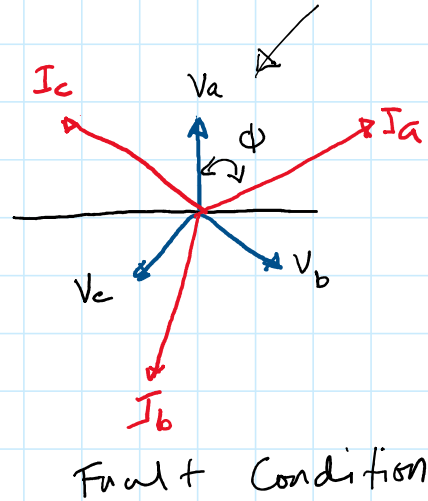
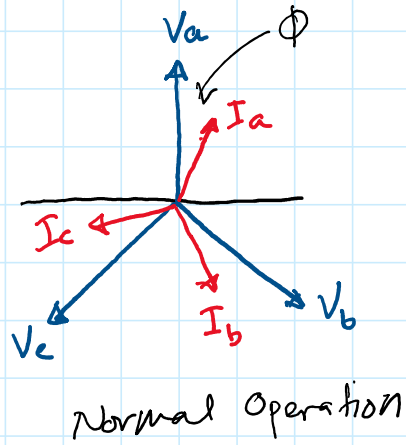
$$I = \frac{E}{Z_{TH}} = \frac{1}{j0.32} = 3.125 \text{ pu}$$

$$I_s + I_R = 1.43 + 1.67 = 3.1 \text{ pu}$$

$$I_s = \frac{1}{j0.7} = 1.43 \text{ pu}$$

$$I_R = \frac{1}{j0.6} = 1.67 \text{ pu}$$

# Voltage profile During Fault



- ① Voltage collapses
- ② Current magnitude increases
- ③ Current angle increases

